

## **EXTRAPOLATION TABLE for EFFECTIVENESS of INSECTICIDES**

### **► PESTS ON TREE NUTS**

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The table provides detailed lists of acceptable extrapolations organized by crop groups, for regulatory authorities and applicants, in the context of the registration of plant protection products for minor uses. The table should be used in conjunction with the EPPO Standard PP1/257(1) - *Efficacy and crop safety extrapolations for minor uses*. It is important to ensure that expert judgment and regulatory experience are employed when using these tables. EPPO excludes liability as to the reliability of the information provided through these tables.

The scope for extrapolation may be extended as data and experience with a certain plant protection products increases. The applicant should always provide appropriate justification and information to support the proposed extrapolation. For example, comparability of target biology may be a relevant factor, either in extrapolating to other target species or for the same target onto another crop. For crops, factors such as comparable growth habit, structure etc. should be considered.

#### **TABLE FORMAT**

The main pest species for the crop group are listed in Column 1 (although this is not exhaustive), and the pest group to which they belong is specified in Column 2. Companies may choose if they wish to provide data only for individual named species, which would then appear individually listed on the label. But underlined species have been identified as key major targets and as such it is advisable to generate data on these. Furthermore, data on these species then allow a claim to be made for the whole pest group (as specified in Column 2), if required. If a claim for the whole pest group is required but there is no underlined species, then data must be generated on all listed species.

Column 3 indicates the key indicator crop(s) for the crop group. In some instances this may be only one specified crop. In other cases, when separated by an 'or', the company may choose from a range of alternatives within the group. Data generated on crops in Column 3 may be used to extrapolate to all crops listed in Column 4. However, it is preferable to have data on several of the crops within the crop group, but data on the indicator crop should be available. In specific circumstances data from crops outside of the crop group highlighted by an asterisk in column 5 can replace the need for any data on the indicator crop in column 3.

Column 5 identifies whether relevant data on crops outside the crop group, against the same target, may help to reduce the amount of required data on the indicator crop. It may be possible for a direct extrapolation without the need for data on the indicator crop (marked with an asterisk

(\*). However, this is dependent on the extent of available data and similarity of crop/target biology. The company should provide an appropriate reasoned case when wanting to use data from crops outside the crop group.

Column 6 gives examples of acceptable extrapolations for a particular pest claim onto other minor use crops. This is not a comprehensive list. Whether extrapolation may be direct (no data, marked with an asterisk (\*)), or require additional supporting data on the minor use crop, will again be dependent on the extent and relevance of the existing database and companies should provide an appropriate reasoned case. If the crop is considered to be a major crop in some countries then it may not be appropriate to include in this column, and further data would be required. Companies will need to justify the status of the major crop/minor use.

**EXAMPLE OF HOW TO USE THE TABLE:**

Pests		Crops: within the Cucurbitaceae		Crops: outside Cucurbitaceae	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Pest species	Pest group name	Indicator crops	Extrapolation to other crops	Data from these crops can support the indicator crops (reduced data or no data *)	Extrapolation to crops (reduced or no data*)
<i>Delia platura</i> HYLEPL	Root and soil flies	Melon CUMME or Cucumber CUMSC	All crops within the crop group	Field bean VICFX , potato SOLTU, Soybean GLXMA, <i>Phaseolus</i> sp. PHSSS, spinach SPQOL, asparagus ASPOF, Allium vegetables	<i>Freesia</i> sp. FRESS, Allium vegetables, Asparagus ASPOF

**E.g. :** In the first row above, in order to support a claim for *Delia platura* on all Cucurbitaceae crops, data can be generated either on cucumber, or melon. The number of trials required on these crops can be reduced if there are existing relevant data for *Delia platura* on field bean or potato or soybean or *Phaseolus* spp. or spinach or asparagus or allium vegetables. Data on *Delia platura* generated on Cucurbitaceae can also be used to support claims on a minor use crop such as Freesia, Allium vegetables or Asparagus, but further additional data may be required. The company may also need to consider and justify the minor use status of the specified crop.

**EXTRAPOLATION REGARDING PROTECTED/OUTDOOR SITUATIONS**

Please note that where crops may be grown in both protected and field situations, and where significant differences are expected in pest relevance or crop agronomy between indoor and outdoor situations, it is important to generate a proportion of the data on crops grown in both situations to ensure the product has been tested under a suitable range of typical and challenging conditions.

## EXTRAPOLATION TABLE for EFFECTIVENESS of INSECTICIDES

### ► PESTS ON TREE NUTS<sup>1</sup>

PRNDU sweet almond *Prunus dulcis*, CYLAV hazelnut *Corylus avellana*, IUGRE walnut *Juglans regia*, CSNSA sweet chestnut *Castanea sativa*, PIAVE pistachio *Pistacia vera*

Pests		Crops: within the tree nuts		Crops: outside the tree nuts	
1 Pest species	2 Pest group name	3 Indicator crops	4 Extrapolation to other crops	5 Data from these crops can support the indicator crops (reduced data or no data *)	6 Extrapolation to crops (reduced or no data*)
<i>Myzocallis castanicola</i> MYZCCS, <i>Lachnus roboris</i> LACNRO	Aphid <sup>2</sup>	Sweet chestnut CSNSA	Tree nuts	Stone fruit*, Pome fruit*	Quercus 1QUEG
<i>Chromaphis juglandicola</i> CHRAJU, <i>Callaphis juglandis</i> CLLAJU		Common walnut IUGRE			
<i>Hyalopterus pruni</i> HYALPR, <i>Brachycaudus amygdalinus</i> (= <i>Anuraphis amygdalinus</i> , <i>Aphis amygdalinus</i> ) BRDSAM, <i>Brachycaudus persicae</i> ANURPN		Sweet almond PRNDU			Woody ornamentals
<i>Myzocallis coryli</i> MYZCCO, <i>Corylobium avellanae</i> CRLOAV		Common hazelnut CYLAV			

<sup>1</sup> Stone fruit and pome fruit in column 5 are frequently asterisked in this table, indicating that these are as good indicators as the indicator crop within the pest group (column 3). Extrapolation to other crops within the crop group (column 4) are not always proposed due to lack of experience. However, there may be opportunity to extrapolate information between the pests (column 1) on the indicator crop and using the asterisked crops in column 5. For further information, see extrapolation tables for pome fruits and stone fruits at: [http://www.eppo.int/PPPRODUCTS/minor\\_uses/minor\\_uses.htm](http://www.eppo.int/PPPRODUCTS/minor_uses/minor_uses.htm)

<sup>2</sup> Data from at least one of the species on the indicator crop should be supplied in order to claim effectiveness on the whole pest group.

<i>Panonychus ulmi</i> METTUL		Sweet almond PRNDU, Common walnut IUGRE		Pome fruits*, Grape* VITSS, citrus 1CIDG	Cherry, Fig FIUSS, Raspberry RUBID, Peach PRNPS, Pear PYUSS, Plum PRNDO, Apricot PRNAR
<i>Tetranychus urticae</i> TETRUR	Spider mites	Common walnut IUGRE		Pome fruits, Grape VITSS, Citrus* 1CIDG, Stone fruit*	Cherry, Fig FIUSS, Raspberry RUBID, Peach PRNPS, Pear PYUSS, Plum PRNDO, Apricot PRNAR, Ornamental trees and Shrubs
<i>Phytocoptella avellanae</i> (= <i>Eriophyes avellanae</i> , <i>Phytoptus avellanae</i> ) ERPHAV	Bud and Rust mites	Common hazelnut CYLAV		Pome fruit*, Stone fruit	
<i>Eriophyes</i> sp. ERPHSP		Common walnut IUGRE		Pome fruit, Blackcurrant, Grape* VITSS	
<i>Phyllocoptes unguiculatus</i> ACUPUN		Common walnut IUGRE		Pome fruit*	
<i>Phyllocoptes graniti</i> PHYCGR		Sweet almond PRNDU		Pome fruit*	
<i>Dryocosmus kuriphilus</i> DRYCKU, Other relevant cynipids of chestnut 1CYNIF	Gall wasps	Sweet chestnut CSNSA			
<i>Eurytoma amygdali</i> EURTAM		Sweet almond PRNDU		Plum PRNDO	
<i>Agonoscena pistaciae</i> AGONPI	<i>Psyllidae</i>	Pistachio PIAVE		Pear PYUCO	
<i>Stictocephala bisonia</i> STICBI	<i>Cicadellidae</i>	Common walnut IUGRE		Pome fruit, Grape VITSS, Ornamentals	

<i>Pseudaulacaspis pentagona</i> PSEAPE, <i>Lepidosaphes ulmi</i> LEPSUL, <i>Epidiaspis leperii</i> EPIDBE, <i>Parthenolecanium corni</i> (= <i>Eulecanium corni</i> ) LECACO	Scales <sup>a</sup>	Common walnut IUGRE	Tree nuts	Stone fruit*, Pome fruit*, Woody ornamentals, Citrus 1CIDG	Black currants RIBNI, Olives OLVEU
<i>Pseudaulacaspis pentagona</i> PSEAPE, <i>Quadraspidiotus perniciosus</i> QUADPE		Sweet almond PRNDU			Gooseberry RIBUC, Black currants RIBNI Ornamental trees and Shrubs
<i>Eulecanium</i> sp. EULCSP		Common hazelnut CYLAV			
<i>Lepidosaphes pistaciae</i> LEPSPI, <i>Melanaspis inopinata</i> MELAIN		Pistachio PIAVE			
<i>Gonocerus acuteangulatus</i> GONRAC	Coreid bugs	Common hazelnut CYLAV		Pome fruits*	
<i>Oberea linearis</i> OBERLI	Longhorn beetle	Common hazelnut CYLAV	Common walnut IUGRE	Pome fruits	Alder ALUSS, White Beech CIPBE, Willow SAXSS
<i>Scolytus rugulosus</i> SCOLRU, <i>Anisandrus dispar</i> (= <i>Xyleborus dispar</i> ) XYLBDI	Bark beetles	Sweet chestnut CSNSA, sweet almond PRNDU, common walnut IUGRE	Sweet chestnut CSNSA	Olive OLVSS, Pome fruit, Stone fruit, Woody ornamentals, Forestry	Ornamental trees
<i>Hylesinus vestitus</i> CHTTVE		Pistachio PIAVE			
<i>Capnodis tenebrionis</i> CAPNTE	Root or wood feeding beetles	Sweet almond PRNDU		Stone fruit	
<i>Caloptilia roscipennella</i> (= <i>Gracillaria roscipennella</i> ) GRACRO (mining)	Lepidoptera (leaf feeding)	Common walnut IUGRE		Pome fruits*	
<i>Archips</i> sp. ARCHSP		Sweet almond PRNDU		Pome fruits*	Ornamental trees
<i>Yponomeuta</i> sp. HYPNSP		Sweet almond PRNDU		Pome fruits*, Stone fruit*	Ornamental trees

<i>Ocneria terebynthina</i> OCNITE		Pistachio PIAVE		Pome fruits, Tomato	
<i>Pammene fasciana</i> PAMMFA	Lepidoptera (fruit-boring)	Sweet chestnut CSNSA		Pome fruits	Beech FAUSS, Quercus 1QUEG
<i>Anarsia lineatella</i> ANARLI		Sweet almond PRNDU		Peach PRNPS	Heart cherry PRNAJ, Plum PRNDO
<i>Apomyelois ceratoniae</i> MYELCE		Sweet almond PRNDU or sweet chestnut CSNSA or common walnut IUGRE	Sweet chestnut CSNSA, pistachio PIAVE	Pome fruits*, Stone fruit*, Citrus 1CIDG	Fig FIUSS
<i>Grapholita molesta</i> (=Cydia molesta) LASPMO		Sweet almond PRNDU		Pome fruits, Stone fruits	
<i>Cydia fagiglandana</i> LASPGR, <i>Cydia splendana</i> LASPSL, <i>Pammene fasciana</i> PAMMFA		Sweet chestnut CSNSA	Common hazelnut CYLAV	Pome fruits	Ornamental trees (beech, oak)
<i>Cydia pomonella</i> CARPPO		Sweet almond PRNDU, common walnut IUGRE	common walnut IUGRE	Apricot PRNAR, Pome fruits	Peach PRNPS, Quince CYDOB
<i>Schneidereria pistaciicola</i> (=Recurvaria pistaciicola) SCHNPI		Pistachio PIAVE		Apple MABSS	
<i>Operophtera brumata</i> CHEIBR		Lepidoptera (leaf and fruit damaging)	Sweet almond PRNDU		Pome fruits, Stone fruits
<i>Palumbina guerinii</i> STATGU	Pistachio PIAVE			Tomato LYPES	

<i>Zeuzera pyrina</i> ZEUPY	Lepidoptera (wood and root borer)	Common walnut IUGRE, sweet chestnut CSNSA, common hazelnut CYLAV		Pome fruits	Pear PYUSS, Plum PRNDO, Heart cherry PRNAJ, Olive OLVSS, Pomegranate PUNGR, Black currant RIBNI, Quince CYDOB, Red Currant RIBRU, Citrus 1CIDG, Grape VITSS, Ornamentals, Forestry
<i>Kermania pistaciella</i> KERAPI		Pistachio PIAVE		Apple MABSS	
<i>Rhynchites</i> sp. RNCHSP	Weevils	Common walnut IUGRE		Apple MABSS	Stone fruit
<i>Peritelus</i> sp. PERESP		Common walnut IUGRE, sweet chestnut CSNSA		Apple MABSS	Peach PRNPS, Ornamental trees, Forestry
<i>Curculio nucum</i> (= <i>Balaninus nucum</i> ) CURCNU, <i>Curculio elephas</i> (= <i>Balaninus elephas</i> ) CURCEL		Common hazelnut CYLAV	Sweet chestnut CSNSA	Pear PYUSS, Stone fruit	Persimmon plum DOSKA, Plum PRNDO, <i>Quercus</i> 1QUEG
<i>Anthonomus amygdali</i> ANTHAM		Sweet almond PRNDU		Apple MABSS	
<i>Eurytoma plotnikovi</i> EURTPL, <i>Megastigmus pistaciae</i> MEGSBA	Seed wasps	Pistachio PIAVE		Apple MABSS (Sawfly control)	
<i>Neurotoma nemoralis</i> NEURNE	Web-spinning sawfly (wasp)	Sweet almond PRNDU		Stone fruits*, Pome fruits*	Peach PRNPS
<i>Croesus septentrionalis</i> CROESE	Sawflies	Common hazelnut CYLAV		Pome fruits*	Ornamental trees

**The following extrapolation possibilities are proposed to be addressed in tables covering generic pests**

<i>Carpocoris</i> sp. CARRSP, <i>Palomena prasina</i> PALOPR		Common hazelnut CYLAV		Pome fruits*	
<i>Acrosternum</i> sp. ACSTSP, <i>Apodiphus amygdali</i> APDPAM, <i>Brachynema</i> sp. BRNMSP, <i>Lygaeus civilis</i> (=L. <i>pandurus</i> , <i>Spilostethus civilis</i> ) LYGACI	Stink bugs	Pistachio PIAVE		Pome fruits*, Grapes* VIVIN	
<i>Lygaeus civilis</i> LYGACI	Seed bugs	Pistachio PIAVE		Pome fruits*, Grapes* VIVIN	